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Materia Lengua Inglesa, PRONEP-EGB, guión número 7, autor equipo docente, emisión 7 del 4 del 81. Buenas noches, hoy vamos a escuchar los ejercicios correspondientes a las lecciones 74, 82 y 84. Abran sus libros por la página 76, lección 74.

Como observarán, se trata de preguntas que comienzan por interrogativos y que se refieren a un tiempo ya acabado, por lo que los verbos aparecen en pasado simple. Ahora, miren los grabados del libro y escuchen para poder seguir los ejercicios y repetirlos imitando la entonación y el ritmo de un modo global. Él tomó un pan.

¿Qué hizo con él? Lo bebió rápidamente. Foto 103. ¿Qué le diste? Le doy un vaso de agua.

¿Qué hizo con él? Lo bebió ansiosamente. Ahora, responden las preguntas. Miren la foto 101.

¿Por qué se cortó esta mañana? Porque lo lavó horriblemente. Foto 102. ¿Qué le tomó? Tomó un pan.

¿Qué hizo con él? Lo bebió rápidamente. Foto 103. ¿Qué le diste? Le doy un vaso de agua.

¿Qué hizo con él? Lo bebió ansiosamente. Foto 104. ¿Cuándo la conociste? La conocí el día antes de ayer.

¿Cómo te salió? Me salió amablemente. Foto 105. ¿Por qué llegaste tarde? Porque el bus salió lentamente.

Foto 106. ¿Qué hicieron los tipistas esta mañana? Trabajaron muy duro. Foto 107.

¿Cómo se divertieron las últimas noches? Nos divertimos mucho. Foto 108. ¿Cómo nadó esta mañana? Nadó muy bien.

En cuanto a la pronunciación de sonidos en particular, habrán podido notar que la W en... Why, what, when... ...es una semivocal que puede ser considerada como un halófono del sonido español u en los diptongos ue, ua, ui, como en hueso o huevo. Hay que evitar que aparezca una g en la producción de este sonido como en los vulgarismos españoles gueno, hueso, abuelo. Foto 108.

Pasamos a la lección 82, p. 84. Observen el uso del verbo to have en el sentido de tomar algo, una comida, un baño, etc., o pasarlo bien en to have a good time. Aquí desaparece el sentido de posesión y el uso como verbo auxiliar.

Look at lesson 82. Look and listen. Do not speak.

Look at number 760. What are they going to do? They're going to have breakfast. Number 870.

What are they doing? They're having lunch. Number 980. What must they do? They must have

tea.

Number 1010. What did they do? They had dinner. Now you answer the questions.

Ready? Look at number 760. What are they going to do? They're going to have breakfast. Number 870.

What are they doing? They're having lunch. Number 980. What must they do? They must have tea.

Number 1010. What did they do? They had dinner. Number 1020.

What must they do? They must have a meal. Number 1030. What is Tom going to do? He is going to have a swim.

Number 1040. What is he doing? He is having a bath. Number 1050.

What did he do? He had a haircut. Number 1060. What are they doing? They're having a lesson.

Number 1070. What did they do? They had a party. Number 1080.

What must they do? They must have a holiday. Number 1090. What are they going to do? They're going to have a good time.

What's he doing? He is going to have a swim. He is going to have a swim. And finally, lesson 84 on page 86.

These are questions that reinforce the special uses of the verb to have that we have already seen in an affirmative form. Notice the use of any in negative questions and phrases and the adverb just to indicate that something has just been done. Look and listen.

Do not speak. Look at number 1000. Have you had any vegetables? I haven't had any vegetables.

I've just had some fruit. Number 9000. Has he had any beans? He hasn't had any beans.

He's just had some peas. Number 17000. Have they had any coffee? They haven't had any coffee.

They've just had some tea. Now you answer the questions. Look at number 1000.

Have you had any vegetables? I haven't had any vegetables. I've just had some fruit. Number 9000.

Has he had any beans? He hasn't had any beans. He's just had some peas. Number 17000.

Have they had any coffee? They haven't had any coffee. They've just had some tea. Number 4000.

Have you had any apples? I haven't had any apples. I've just had some peaches. Number 7000.

Have I had any cabbage? You haven't had any cabbage. You've just had some lettuce. Number 19000.

Have you had any beer? I haven't had any beer. I've just had some wine. Number 12000.

Has he had any lamb? He hasn't had any lamb. He's just had some beef. Number 16000.

Have they had any tea? They haven't had any tea. They've just had some milk. Number 6000.

Has she had any meat? She hasn't had any meat. She's just had some vegetables. Number 14000.

Have you had any chicken? I haven't had any chicken. I've just had some steak. To have.

I haven't been there. I've been there. She's got blue eyes.

To have. To have. To have.

To have. To have. To have.

To have.